

## **Ten Facts About Texas' Property Tax**

- **Texas' property tax system is one of the nation's most punishing.** According to the Tax Foundation's latest national rankings, Texas has the 14<sup>th</sup> worst property tax climate in the U.S. (Source: Tax Foundation's *The Facts on Texas Tax Climate*)
- **Texas' property tax system is becoming progressively worse compared to its peers.** According to the Tax Foundation, the Lone Star State's local governments "collected approximately \$1,559 per person in property taxes in 2012, which ranks 14<sup>th</sup> highest nationally." That figure is up from \$1,393 per capita in 2008 when the Tax Foundation ranked Texas' property tax system ranked as the 17<sup>th</sup> most burdensome in the U.S. (Source: Tax Foundation's *The Facts on Texas Tax Climate*)
- Texas' property tax burden is outpacing population growth by a factor of almost 5-to-1. From 1992 to 2010, Texas' population grew by 40 percent. In contrast, local property tax levies soared by 188 percent. (Source: Texas Comptroller's *Your Money and the Taxing Facts*, pg. 6)
- Texas' property tax system is punishing for homeowners. From 2010 to 2012, the three-year average annual property tax burden for a homeowner in Texas was \$2,477. By comparison, the same three-year tax average for a homeowner in the South Region was \$1,411 and \$2,091 in the U.S. (Texas Public Policy Foundation's <u>Homeowners and the Texas Property Tax</u>)
- **Texas' property tax system is a burden on businesses.** From 2007 to 2011, property taxes as percentage of total business taxes grew from 38.4 percent to 44.1 percent. (Source: Texas Comptroller, <u>The Business Tax Advisory Committee Report to the 83<sup>rd</sup> Texas Legislature</u>, pg. 7)
- **Texas' property tax burden is outpacing population and inflation combined.** From 2000 to 2011, property tax levies grew 79.8 percent whereas population and inflation increased just 53.2 percent. (Source: Texas Public Policy Foundation)
- **Statewide property tax levies have a track-record of growing too fast.** From 1994 to 2013, property taxes levied statewide saw an average annual increase of 5.82 percent. (Source: Texas Comptroller's <u>Biennial Property Tax Report for Tax Years 2012 and 2013</u>, pg. 9)
- Lots of local governments have the power to levy property taxes in Texas. There are more than 4,000 local governments levying a property tax in Texas—which oftentimes overlap one another in assessing the tax. (Source: Texas Comptroller's *Biennial Property Tax Report for Tax Years 2012 and 2013*, pg. 7)
- Texas' property tax is the single largest tax assessed at either the state or local level. In fiscal year 2013, property tax levied statewide grew to more than \$45 billion, which accounts for almost half of all state and local tax revenues. (Source: Texas Comptroller's *Biennial Property Tax Report for Tax Years 2012 and 2013*, pg. 1)



